COVID vs. Flu vs. Common Cold: What You Need to Know



VIRUS	LEVEL OF INFECTIVITY	TIME FROM EXPOSURE TO INFECTION	SYMPTOMS	PREVALENCE IN CHILDREN	VACCINE AVAILABILITY
COMMON COLD Rhinovirus	Less contagious Symptomatic individuals shed the virus during the first 2 to 3 days of infection.	2 to 3 days	Cough Low-grade fever Sneezing Sore throat Stuffy nose	Common Most children experience 2 to 4 colds per year; frequently associated with asthma exacerbations.	None
SEASONAL INFLUENZA Influenza virus (A and B)	Contagious Viral shedding occurs 24 hours before symptoms appear, peaking around day 3 of illness.	1 to 4 days	Body aches Chills Cough Fatigue Fever Headache Sore throat Stuffy nose	Common Children younger than 2 are at highest risk for more severe disease.	Multiple approved
COVID-19 Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2)	More contagious Viral shedding occurs 2 to 3 days before symptoms appear, peaking around day 3 of illness. However, there can be viral shedding without ever developing symptoms.	2 to 14 days	Body aches Chills Cough Diarrhea Fatigue Fever Headache Loss of smell/taste Nausea/vomiting Shortness of breath Stuffy/runny nose	Becoming more common, and asymptomatic children are possible Typically children have mild symptoms, and rarely they develop multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C) weeks after a SARS-CoV-2 infection.	Two-dose shot approved for 5 and older Two-dose shot and booster approved for 12 and older Multiple vaccines and boosters approved for adults
RSV Respiratory syncytial virus	Very contagious Symptoms can last 7 to 10 days, but some kids can develop a cough that takes up to six weeks to clear	4 to 6 days	Cough Runny nose Sneezing Fever Wheezing	Common Infants are at high risk for severe disease, including pneumonia or bronchiolitis, an inflammation of the small airways in the lungs.	None